**Bridges Preparatory School** (A Component Unit of the South Carolina **Public Charter School District)** 

**Beaufort, South Carolina** 

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT June 30, 2022

(With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon)

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Board of Directors Bridges Preparatory School Beaufort, South Carolina

## **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Bridges Preparatory School ("the School"), a component unit of the South Carolina Public Charter School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's financial statements, as listed in the accompanying table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Bridges Preparatory School at June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Bridges Preparatory School and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Bridges Preparatory School's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by reasonable user based on the financial statements.

The Board of Directors Bridges Preparatory School Page 2

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Bridges Preparatory School's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Bridges Preparatory School's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information, as listed in the accompanying table of contents, be presented to supplement the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information, because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Bridges Preparatory School's financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by *Title 2 U.S.* Code of Federal Regulations *Part 200*, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

The Board of Directors Bridges Preparatory School Page 3

Other Reporting Required Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated September 19, 2022, on our consideration of Bridges Preparatory School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Bridges Preparatory School's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> in considering Bridges Preparatory School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Martin Smith and Company CPAS PA

Greenville, South Carolina September 19, 2022

This discussion and analysis of Bridges Preparatory School's ("the School") financial performance provides an overview of the School's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the Notes to the Financial Statements and the financial statements themselves to enhance their understanding of the School's financial performance.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

In the Statement of Net Position, the assets of the School exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$7,479,277 (net position). Of this amount, however, \$1,866,495 is invested in capital assets (net of debt) and \$4,384,297 is restricted for various purposes. Therefore, the School reported an unrestricted net position of \$1,228,485.

The School's net position increased by \$1,756,210 during the current fiscal year, as compared to an increase of \$1,742,592 in the previous fiscal year.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

As of the close of the current fiscal year, the School's Governmental Funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$10,029,424, compared to a fund balance of \$5,489,485 in the previous fiscal year.

The School's total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, were \$30,856,109. The School completed construction of its elementary complex and began work on its gym, increasing its capital assets by \$2,863,030.

The School made its scheduled principal payments on its debt agreements, borrowed on its construction loan for its capital projects, and closed on permanent financing to pay off that construction loan.

During the 2022 fiscal year, the School's governmental fund-type revenues were \$13,088,644. The School reported governmental fund-type revenues of \$10,913,187 in the previous fiscal year.

During the current fiscal year, the School's governmental fund-type expenditures were \$25,329,230. This amount included \$10,252,331 in debt payments, as it paid off its construction loan, and included \$3,686,076 in capital outlays for its construction projects.

#### Overall

The 135-day student count increased by 147, from 1,062 students in the prior year to 1,209 students in the current year. The 135-day enrollment count is the basis for most of the state funds that the School receives.

#### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management's Discussion and Analysis serves as an introduction to the School's Financial Statements. The School's Financial Statements consist of three components:

- Government-Wide Financial Statements
- Fund Financial Statements
- Notes to the Financial Statements

In addition to the Financial Statements, this report contains Required Supplementary Information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the School.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued**

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The Government-Wide Financial Statements provide a broad overview of the School's overall financial status, in a manner similar to a private-sector enterprise.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the School's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net position is reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, for some items, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The Government-Wide Financial Statements distinguish functions of the School that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). However, all activities of the School are governmental activities, which include instruction, supporting services, and debt service.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The remaining financial statements are Fund Financial Statements which focus on individual parts of the School, reporting the School's operations in more detail than the Government-Wide Statements.

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related requirements. All of the funds of the School are Governmental Funds.

Governmental Funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as Governmental Activities in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. However, unlike the Government-Wide Financial Statements, Governmental Funds Financial Statements focus on near-term uses of expendable resources, as well as on balances of expendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of Governmental Funds is narrower than that of the Government-Wide Financial Statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for Governmental Funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate the comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The School maintains three individual Governmental Funds. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the General Fund and the Special Revenue Funds. The Governmental Funds Financial Statements can be found at Exhibits C, D, E, and F of this report.

**OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued** 

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements. The Notes to the Financial Statements can be found following Exhibit F of this report.

## **Other Information**

The School adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided in the required supplementary information section for this fund to demonstrate compliance with its budget.

Major Features of Bridges Preparatory School								
	Government-Wide and Fund Fine Government-Wide Statements	Fund Financial Statements						
		Government Funds Only						
Scope	Entire school unit	The activities of the School that are not proprietary or fiduciary						
Required financial statements	Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance						
Accounting basis and measurement focus  Accrual accounting and economic resources focus		Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus						
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included						
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year, expenditures when goods/services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon after						

### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the School, assets exceeded liabilities by \$7,479,277 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

The following table provides a summary of the School's net position for 2022 compared to 2021:

#### **Net Position**

		<b>Governmental Activities</b>				
		2022		2021		
Assets						
Current and other assets	\$	10,948,387	\$	6,660,413		
Capital assets		30,856,109		29,399,586		
Total assets		41,804,496		36,059,999		
Liabilities						
Long-term liabilities		33,406,257		29,166,004		
Other liabilities		918,963		1,170,928		
Total liabilities	_	34,325,220		30,336,932		
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets		1,866,495		249,090		
Restricted		4,384,297		1,139,046		
Unrestricted net position		1,228,485		4,334,931		
Total net position	\$	7,479,277	\$	5,723,067		

During the current fiscal year, net position of the School's governmental activities increased by \$1,756,210. Unrestricted net position – the portion of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements – changed from \$4,334,931 at June 30, 2021, to \$1,228,485 at June 30, 2022.

The following table shows the changes in net position for fiscal year 2022 compared to 2021:

#### **Changes in Net Position**

	<b>Governmental Activities</b>				
	 2022		2021		
Revenues	 				
Program revenues:					
Operating grants	\$ 13,287,616	\$	10,462,073		
Charges for services and sales	360,546		388,920		
General revenue:					
Other	 322,581		62,195		
Total revenues	 13,970,743		10,913,188		
Program Expenses					
Instruction	7,293,891		5,440,092		
Support services	4,084,087		3,548,641		
Interest	 836,555		978,663		
Total expenses	 12,214,533		9,967,396		
Non-recurring item - contribution					
from forgiveness of PPP loan	 -		796,800		
Increase in net position	\$ 1,756,210	\$	1,742,592		

### Governmental Activities:

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL'S FUNDS

#### **Governmental Funds**

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the School's Governmental Funds reported combined fund balances of \$10,029,424 as compared to \$5,489,485 for the prior year. This increase was caused, in part, by the School recording the proceeds from borrowings under long-term notes and not expending all of those funds on its capital project during the current year.

The Special Revenue Funds consists of various Federal and Education Improvement Act Funds. These funds were spent appropriately as mandated by the legislation that allowed for their distribution. The funds that were received during the year were expended during the current fiscal year; therefore, there was no fund balance at the end of the previous or current year.

### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The School's budget is prepared according to South Carolina law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund. During the course of the fiscal year 2022, amendments to the School's General Fund budget resulted in an insignificant change in fund balances.

#### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### **Capital Assets**

At the end of 2022, the School had \$30,856,109 net investment in capital assets. The year-end total of capital assets was \$32,481,194, with total accumulated depreciation of \$1,325,006. The depreciation expense taken during the year was \$823,046, and capital asset additions were \$3,686,076.

The following table shows fiscal 2022 balances compared to 2021:

## Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities				
	2022		2021		
Land	\$ 606,600	\$	1,134,600		
Buildings	29,640,940		18,389,672		
Buildings/leasehold improvements	16,034		146,976		
Vehicles	-		1,410		
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	83,414		122,953		
Construction in progress	 509,121		9,603,975		
Totals	\$ 30,856,109	\$	29,399,586		

The School continued its construction projection for the elementary complex and gym and expects that the project will be completed in the next fiscal year.

#### Long-term Debt

At fiscal year-end, the School had \$33,390,084 in notes payable and capital leases versus \$29,150,496 in the prior year, as shown in the following table:

#### Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	<b>Governmental Activities</b>				
	2022		2021		
Note payable to USDA	\$ 9,999,990	\$	9,999,990		
Note payable to USDA	9,858,467		9,858,467		
Note payable to USDA	6,700,000		-		
Note payable to USDA	4,800,000		-		
Note payable to financial institution	1,949,481		1,990,184		
Note payable to financial institution	-		7,186,953		
Capital lease obligation	 82,146		114,902		
Total long-term debt	\$ 33,390,084	\$	29,150,496		

The U.S. Department of Agriculture ("USDA") provided permanent financing of \$11,500,000 through two loans, so that the School could repay its construction loan and complete its ongoing construction project.

#### **Economic Factors**

The following key economic indicators reflect the operations of the School:

- The School continues to see community support as evidenced by the volunteerism, local organizations donating classroom and office supplies, private donations, and support through fundraising.
- The School has a returning staff of professionals that are committed to the School.
- The School will continue to seek both federal and private grant funds to supplement its Education Finance Act ("EFA") funding.

#### Contacting the School's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide interested parties with a general overview of the School's finances and to show the School's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the School's business office located at 555 Robert Smalls Parkway, Beaufort, South Carolina 29906.

## BRIDGES PREPARATORY SCHOOL BEAUFORT, SOUTH CAROLINA Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

	_	Governmental Activities
<u>ASSETS</u>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,144,598
Restricted cash		4,384,297
Due from other governmental units		333,835
Prepaid expenses		85,657
Capital assets		32,481,194
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization		(1,625,085)
Total capital assets, net of depreciation	_	30,856,109
Total assets	_	41,804,496
<u>LIABILITIES</u>		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		918,710
Revenue collected in advance		149
Due to other governmental units		103
Long-term liabilities:		
Compensated absences		16,173
Due within one year		298,152
Due in more than one year	_	33,091,932
Total liabilities	_	34,325,219
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		1,866,495
Restricted net position		4,384,297
Unrestricted net position	_	1,228,485
Total net position	\$	7,479,277

## Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

			Progra	m ]	Revenues	Ne	et Revenue (Expense) and Change in Net Position
Functions / Programs	Expenses	_	Charges for Services and Sales		Operating Grants and Contributions	_	Governmental Activities
Governmental activities: Instruction	, ,	\$	21,429	\$	, ,	\$	662,219
Support services Interest and other charges Total governmental activities	4,084,087 836,555 12,214,533	<b>-</b>	339,117 360,546		4,442,886 910,049 13,287,616	-	358,799 412,611 1,433,629
Total	12,214,533	\$	360,546	\$	13,287,616	_	1,433,629
	General rever	nues	s:				
	Other reven	ue					216,999
	Donations						99,390
	Unrestricted	inv	vestment earni	ngs	5	-	6,192
	Total gener	ral 1	revenues			_	322,581
	Change in n	et p	osition				1,756,210
	Net position,	beg	ginning of year	r		_	5,723,067
	Net position,	end	l of year			\$	7,479,277

## BRIDGES PREPARATORY SCHOOL BEAUFORT, SOUTH CAROLINA Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

ASSETS		General		Special Revenue		EIA	-	Total Governmental Funds
TISSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,144,598	\$	=	\$	-	\$	6,144,598
Restricted cash		4,384,297		-		-		4,384,297
Due from other funds		322,944		-		-		322,944
Due from other governmental units		10,639		230,588		92,608		333,835
Prepaid items		85,657		-		-	_	85,657
Total assets	\$	10,948,135	\$	230,588	\$_	92,608	\$_	11,271,331
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	¢	918,711	\$		\$		\$	918,711
Due to other governmental units	Þ	910,711	Φ	_	Ψ	103	Ψ	103
Due to other funds		_		230,588		92,356		322,944
Unearned revenue		-		-		149		149
Total liabilities		918,711		230,588	_	92,608	_	1,241,907
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable		85,657		-		_		85,657
Restricted		4,384,297		-		-		4,384,297
Assigned		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		5,559,470		-	_	-	_	5,559,470
Total fund balances		10,029,424		-0-		-0-	_	10,029,424
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	10,948,135	\$	230,588	\$	92,608	\$_	11,271,331

## Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

Total fund balance - Governmental Funds	\$	10,029,424
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because of the following:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in Governmental Funds. The cost of assets is		
\$32,481,194 and the accumulated depreciation is \$1,625,084.		30,856,110
Certain liabilities, including notes payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		(33,390,084)
Certain liabilities, including compensated absences, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		(16,173)
Net position of governmental activities	\$_	7,479,277

## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	_	General	Special Revenue	EIA Fund	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES					
Local State Federal Intergovernmental	\$	683,128 \$ 5,340,153 - -	- \$ 90,800 1,044,462	5,930,101 - -	683,128 11,361,054 1,044,462
Total revenues all sources	_	6,023,281	1,135,262	5,930,101	13,088,644
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Instruction		5,623,355	605,768	389,207	6,618,330
Support services		3,313,688	529,494	92,756	3,935,938
Community services		-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental		-	-	-	-
Debt services:		10 252 221			10 252 221
Redemption of principal Interest payments		10,252,331 836,555	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>	10,252,331 836,555
Capital outlay		3,686,076	_	-	3,686,076
Cupital Gallay	_				
Total expenditures	_	23,712,005	1,135,262	481,963	25,329,230
Excess (deficiency) of					
revenues over expenditures		(17,688,724)	-	5,448,138	(12,240,586)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES	5)				
Proceeds from long-term notes		14,491,920	_	_	14,491,920
Proceeds from sale of assets		2,288,605	_	_	2,288,605
Operating transfers in		5,448,138	_	-	5,448,138
Operating transfers out	_			(5,448,138)	(5,448,138)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	22,228,663	-0-	(5,448,138)	16,780,525
Net changes in fund balance		4,539,939	-0-	-0-	4,539,939
FUND BALANCE, July 1, 2021	_	5,489,485	-0-	-0-	5,489,485
FUND BALANCE, June 30, 2022	\$_	10,029,424 \$	-0- \$	-0-	10,029,424

## Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Total net changes in fund balance - Governmental Funds	\$	4,539,939
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because of the following:		
Capital outlays are reported in Governmental Funds as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated		
useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay (\$3,686,075), less disposals, exceeds depreciation (\$823,046) in the period.		2,863,029
		_,,,
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to Governmental Funds, but		(14 401 020)
issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.		(14,491,920)
In the Statement of Activities, only the gain on the sale of capital assets is		
reported, whereas in the Governmental Funds, the entire proceeds from the sale		
increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net assets differs from the		
changes in fund balance by the cost of net book value of the equipment sold.		(1,406,505)
Some expenses, including compensated absences, reported in the Statement of		
Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore,		
are not reported as expenditures in Governmental Funds.		(665)
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the Governmental Funds, but		
the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.	_	10,252,331
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	1,756,209

#### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Bridges Preparatory School ("the School") conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

#### A. Reporting Entity

Bridges Preparatory School is a nonprofit organization incorporated in the State of South Carolina and organized under the South Carolina Charter School Act of 1996. The School's charter was approved in April 2012 through a ten-year charter granted by the South Carolina Public Charter School District ("the District"). The School serves approximately 1,210 students from kindergarten through twelfth grade in Beaufort County, South Carolina.

A charter school is an independent public school, governed by an independent Board of Directors ("the Board"). To encourage innovation, charter schools operate free from a number of state laws and regulations. Charter schools are funded similarly to other public schools in that state and local funds are allocated for each enrolled student. Charter schools may charge for selected additional costs consistent with those permitted by school districts. Because charter schools receive local, state, and federal funds they may not charge tuition.

The School is considered a component unit of the South Carolina Public Charter School District. A component unit, although a legally separate entity, is, in substance, part of the District's operations. The School has no component units for which it is considered to be financially accountable.

#### B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The Government-Wide Financial Statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities which report information on all of the activities of the School. The School does not have any business-type activities. The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers who purchase, use, or directly benefit from services or privileges provided by a given function, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements report detailed information about the School. The focus of Governmental Financial Statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds, if any, are aggregated and presented in a single column.

The accounts of the government are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The Government-Wide Financial Statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

June 30, 2022

#### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation, Continued

Governmental Fund Financial Statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the School considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, are recorded only when payment is due. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the School.

The School reports the following major governmental funds:

- The General Fund is the School's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the School, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- The Special Revenue Fund accounts for specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. Money in this fund is expended according to the provisions of general statutes applicable to charter schools.

The School has no non-major governmental funds at June 30, 2022.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Fund Balance

### 1) Deposits and Investments

The School's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The School is authorized to invest in securities as allowed by South Carolina statute. Those investments are restricted to:

- 1) Obligations of the United States and agencies thereof;
- 2) General obligations of the State of South Carolina or any of its political units;
- 3) Savings and loan associations to the extent that the same are secured by the Savings Association Insurance Fund of the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation ("FDIC");
- 4) Certificates of deposit where the certificates are collaterally secured by securities of the type described in (1) and (2) above held by a third party as escrow agent or custodian, of a market value not less than the amount of the certificates of deposit so secured, including interest.

#### 2) Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements.

#### 3) Receivables and Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between the School and vendors and revenue sources or individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. On Fund Financial Statements, these receivables and payables are classified as accounts receivable, due from other governmental units, accounts payable or "due from other funds" or "due to other funds". The transactions between funds are eliminated in the Governmental Activities' column of the Statement of Net Position.

#### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

#### D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Fund Balance, Continued

#### 4) Capital Assets

Capital assets include equipment, furniture, technology, vehicles and leasehold improvements. Capital assets are defined by the School as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<b>Years</b>
Buildings	39
Building / leasehold improvements	15 - 39
Vehicles	5 - 7
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	3 - 5

#### 5) Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue arises when resources have been received but not yet earned. Federal, state, local, and private program grants revenue received and not yet expended by the School are recorded as unearned revenue. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the School has a legal claim to the grant proceeds, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the Balance Sheet and revenue is recognized. Unearned revenue as of June 30, 2022 was \$149.

#### 6) Long-term Obligations

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements long-term debt and long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. In the Fund Financial Statements, governmental fund-types recognize principal and interest payments as expenditures of the current period and report the face amount of debt issued as other financing sources.

#### 7) Compensated Absences

The School's general leave policy allows for the accumulation of unused vacation leave. Employees terminating or retiring are paid for accumulated vacation leave based on the years of service with the School as listed below, in addition to their severance pay agreed upon with the School. Leave days can accumulate to a maximum of 30 – 40 days according to the chart below, after which they will be forfeited if not used:

	Amount per	Accumulated
Payout for Unused Days	<b>Day</b>	<b>Leave Days</b>
1 to 4 years of service	\$10	Up to 190
5 of more years of service	\$25	191 to 209
5 of more years of service	\$25	210 to 219
5 of more years of service	\$25	220 to 240

#### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

#### D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Fund Balance, Continued

#### 8) Fund Equity

In the Fund Financial Statements, fund balance classifications depict the nature of the net resources reported in the governmental funds. Individual governmental funds may include nonspendable resources and amounts that are restricted, committed, or assigned, or any combination of these classifications. The General Fund also includes unassigned amounts. The School considers that committed amounts are reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of these unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used. The School's policy is to apply expenditures against nonspendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year by adjusting journal entries. First, nonspendable fund balances are determined. Then restricted fund balances for specific purposes if any are determined. Then any remaining fund balance amounts for the non-general funds. Committed fund balance amounts are established by the School's Board through motions passed at the School's Board meetings. Assigned fund balance amounts are established by the School's administration. The School has no assigned fund balance amounts.

**Nonspendable Fund Balance** - includes amounts which cannot be spent. This includes items that may not be in spendable form or that may be legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The School's nonspendable fund balance represents amounts not in spendable form.

**Restricted Fund Balance** - includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation. The School has notes payable from the USDA that require reserves to be established and funded. This Debt Service Reserve Fund ("DSR") has a balance of \$691,488 as of June 30, 2022. The School also has cash balances of \$3,546,995 and \$145,814 as of June 30, 2022 which is restricted for use in its construction project and for student activities, respectively.

**Committed Fund Balance -** includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the Board.

**Assigned Fund Balance** - includes amounts that are constrained by the School's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. Assignments of fund balance are established by the School's administration.

**Unassigned Fund Balance** - is the residual classification for the General Fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. The General Fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

#### 9) Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Outstanding debt, which has not been spent, is included in the same net position component as the unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

#### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

### D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Fund Balance, Continued

#### 10) Fair Value

The fair value measurement and disclosure framework provides for a three-tier fair value hierarchy that gives highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described below:

- **Level 1** Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the School can access at the measurement date.
  - Inputs other than quoted market prices that are observable for the asset or liability.
  - Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.
- **Level 2** Inputs to the valuation methodology, other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for an asset or liability either directly or indirectly and include:
  - Quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets.
  - Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets.
- **Level 3** Inputs to the valuation methodology that are unobservable for an asset or liability and include:
  - Fair value is often based on developed models in which there are few, if any, observable
    inputs.

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used should maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

#### 11) Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP as applicable to governmental units requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenue, expenditures, or expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### A. **Budgetary Information**

Annual budgets for all governmental funds are adopted on the modified accrual basis for accounting, which is consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end and the School does not employ encumbrance accounting.

Each budget is prepared by function and object as dictated by the State of South Carolina adopted Program Oriented Budgeting and Accounting System and for management control purposes. The School's policies allow funds to be transferred between functions. However, the total budget cannot be increased beyond that level without approval of the School's Charter Committee. The legal level of control is at the fund level. During the year, the School revised the budget. The administration has discretionary authority to make transfers between appropriation accounts. The budget amounts in the financial statements are as amended by the administration.

#### III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

#### A. Deposits and Investments

At June 30, 2022, the School's carrying amount of deposits was \$6,281,783 and the bank balance was \$6,285,114, of which \$6,035,114 was not covered by the FDIC. This amount was fully collateralized. The School had no investments at June 30, 2022. The School does not have a formal deposit policy for credit risk but follows the investment policy statutes of the State of South Carolina. The School had \$691,488 in cash as of June 30, 2022 which was restricted for its Debt Service Reserve Fund and \$3,546,995 and \$145,814 in cash as of June 30, 2022 which was restricted for use in its construction project and student activities, respectively.

### B. <u>Due to/From and Transfers between Funds</u>

During the course of normal operations, the School has transactions between funds to provide services. These transactions are generally reflected as transfers. Transfers from and to other funds for the year ended June 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

<u>Fund</u>	Transfers In	
Governmental Funds: General Fund Education Improvement Act Fund	\$ 5,448,138	\$ - 
Totals	\$5,448,138_	\$ 5,448,138

The General Fund received transfers from EIA to supplement operations as part of funding flexibility.

At June 30, 2022 the Special Projects Fund and the EIA Fund owed \$230,588 and \$92,356, respectively, to the General Fund for funds expended but not yet received.

### III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS, Continued

## C. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

		Beginning				Ending
		Balance		Increases	Decreases	Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:	_				 	_
Land	\$	1,134,600	\$	-	\$ (528,000) \$	606,600
Construction in progress	_	9,603,975		3,672,136	 (12,766,990)	509,121
Total assets not being depreciated	_	10,738,575		3,672,136	 (13,294,990)	1,115,721
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Buildings		19,252,626		12,766,990	(902,294)	31,117,322
Buildings/leasehold improvements		694,822		-	(671,601)	23,221
Vehicles		42,300		-	-	42,300
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	_	223,606		13,940	 (54,916)	182,630
Total assets being depreciated		20,213,354		12,780,930	(1,628,811)	31,365,473
Total capital assets	_	30,951,929		16,453,066	 (14,923,801)	32,481,194
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings		862,955		780,285	(166,858)	1,476,382
Buildings/leasehold improvements		547,846		5,967	(546,626)	7,187
Vehicles		40,890		1,410	-	42,300
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	_	100,652		35,386	 (36,822)	99,216
Total accumulated depreciation	_	1,552,343		823,048	 (750,306)	1,625,085
Net capital assets being depreciated	\$_	18,661,011	\$	11,957,882	\$ (750,306) \$	29,740,388
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$_	29,399,586	\$_	15,630,018	\$ (13,294,990) \$	30,856,109

Depreciation expense charged to functions/programs was as follows:

### **Governmental Activities:**

Instruction	\$	36,024
Support services		517,027
Total depreciation / amortization expense for governmental activities	\$_	553,051

During the year ended June 30, 2021, the School began a construction project for the next phase of its campus, an elementary complex. The project was completed during the year ended June 30, 2022, and amounts expended on this project were transferred to the fixed asset accounts. During the year ended June 30, 2022, the School began a construction project for its gym. Amounts expended on this project were included in construction in progress at June 30, 2022. It is expected that the project will be completed in the next fiscal year.

#### III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS, Continued

#### D. Long-Term Debt

The School closed on two U.S. Department of Agriculture ("USDA") loans for permanent financing of its campus in the amounts of \$9,999,990 and \$9,999,980 on November 1, 2019. The School borrowed \$19,858,547 under these two loans to fully repay its construction loan. Each of these loans is repayable monthly over 35 years at a fixed interest rate of 3%, with monthly payments of \$40,600. For the first twenty-four months after closing, the loans require monthly payments of interest only. The loans are collateralized by the land, buildings, furniture, and equipment.

In February 2020, the School entered into a \$2,000,000 loan with a financial institution for completion of the furnishing and technology needs of its permanent campus. This loan had an outstanding balance of \$1,949,481 at June 30, 2022.

In October 2020, the School entered into a \$10,980,000 construction loan with a financial institution for interim financing of construction of its elementary complex. This loan was used to fund construction expenditures. The U.S. Department of Agriculture provided a permanent financing commitment. The School closed on two USDA loans for permanent financing of its elementary complex in the amounts of \$6,700,000 and \$4,800,000 on December 20, 2021. The School borrowed \$11,500,000 under these two loans to fully repay its construction loan and fund additional construction expenditures. Each of these loans is repayable monthly over 35 years at a fixed interest rate of 2.125%, with monthly payments of \$24,120 and \$17,280. For the first twenty-four months after closing, the loans require monthly payments of interest only. The loans are collateralized by the land, buildings, furniture, and equipment.

Notes payable consist of the following as of June 30, 2022:

Note payable to USDA, bearing interest at 3.00%, interest payments due monthly through November 2022, then monthly principal and interest payments of \$40,600 due for 420 months. The loan is secured by real estate mortgage on land and building.	\$	9,999,990
Note payable to USDA, bearing interest at 3.00%, interest payments due monthly through November 2022, then monthly principal and interest payments of \$40,600 due for 420 months. The loan is secured by real estate mortgage on land and building.		9,858,467
Note payable to financial institution, bearing interest at prime rate $+1\%$ , interest payments due monthly through March 2021, then monthly principal and interest payments of \$40,600 due for 288 months. The loan is secured by real estate mortgage on land and building.		1,949,481
Note payable to USDA, bearing interest at 2.125%, interest payments due monthly through December 2024, then monthly principal and interest payments of \$24,120 due for 420 months. The loan is secured by real estate mortgage on land and building.		6,700,000
Note payable to USDA, bearing interest at 2.125%, interest payments due monthly through December 2024, then monthly principal and interest payments of \$17,280 due for 420 months. The loan is secured by real estate		4,800,000
mortgage on land and building.	•	33,307,938
Less current portion of long-term debt	Φ.	(263,151)
Total long-term debt	\$	33,044,787

### III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS, Continued

### D. Long-Term Debt, continued

Maturities of notes outstanding at June 30, 2022, based upon current financing arrangements, are as follows:

Year Ending		
June 30		
2023	\$	263,151
2024		431,935
2025		573,152
2026		718,957
2027		739,983
Thereafter	_	30,580,760
Total	\$_	33,307,938

Changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2022 were as follows:

Notes payable, beginning of year	\$	29,035,594
Borrowings Principal payments/forgiveness	_	14,491,920 (10,219,576)
Notes payable, end of year	\$_	33,307,938

### **Capital Leases Payable**

During the year ended June 30, 2020, the School entered into a lease agreement to finance the purchase of computer equipment. The lease is a five-year term requiring annual installments including interest at 6.648%, liquidated by the General Fund. This lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments. As of June 30, 2022, the lease remained unpaid with remaining payments as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2023	\$ 39,409
2024	39,409
2025	9,852
	88,670
Less amounts representing interest	 (6,524)
	\$ 82,146

#### IV. OTHER INFORMATION

#### A. Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The School maintains a \$1,000,000 per occurrence general liability policy and a \$2,000,000 per occurrence errors and omissions policy with a commercial carrier.

The School carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past two fiscal years.

#### B. Employee Retirement Plan

The School maintains a 457 Deferred Compensation Plan and Trust ("the Plan") with the State of South Carolina for all full-time employees. Employees contribute through payroll deductions to the Plan and the School matches up to 5% of gross wages of the employee's contributions. These provisions were established by the Board. The School contributed \$134,310 to the Plan for the year ended June 30, 2022.

## D. Commitments and Contingencies

The School participates in a number of federal and state assisted programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The amount of program expenditures that may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time. Based on prior experience, the School's management believes such disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.

#### E. Operating Leases

The School has entered into operating leases for office equipment, with terms ranging from month-to-month to sixty months. Rent expense under these leases for the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$7,200. Future minimum lease payments are \$7,200 for 2023.

The School adopted GASB Statement #87 Leases as of July 1, 2021. This statement seeks to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. The statement requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities that previously were classified as operating leases. Under this new standard, a lessee entity is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible asset representing the lessee's right to use the leased asset, for long-term lease obligations. The School analyzed its leases and determined that, due to terms and insignificance, they did not meet the criteria for recognition as a long-term lease obligation and Right of Use Asset.

#### F. Compliance with the USDA Notes Payable Reserve Requirements

The School has a note payable from the USDA that requires reserves to be established and funded as a condition to issuing the loan. The DSR is determined as follows:

• **DSR** - The School must fund this reserve such that the accumulated amount equals one year's annual installments. This reserve is established to assist with debt payments should the need arise and use of these funds must have the USDA approval. The DSR was fully funded in a previous year and remains fully funded as of June 30, 2022.

#### IV. OTHER INFORMATION, Continued

#### G. Other

In December 2019, an outbreak of novel coronavirus ("COVID-19") originated in China and spread to other countries, including the U.S. In March 2020, the World Health Organization characterized COVID-19 as a pandemic. Multiple jurisdictions in the U.S. declared a state of emergency, and limited most aspects of business, education, travel, and personal physical interactions. Beginning in March 2020 through much of the following school year, the School was forced to move to primarily remote educational offerings and to cancel certain other programs. These necessary actions did cause certain school-related revenues to decrease and additional expenses to be incurred. Management of the School took prompt action to postpone certain initiatives and reduce operating expenses so as to maintain its financial stability.

In response to the pandemic, Congress passed the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act ("the CARES Act") which introduced aid to affected organizations. Follow-up legislation to the CARES Act provides funding to state schools and other entities for COVID-19 related expenditures. The School determined its eligibility for funding under various programs, applied for, and received additional funding through several programs, including ESSER I, ESSER II, and GEER Fund. This funding did serve to mitigate the financial impact of expenditures the School had made or will be making.

#### H. Subsequent Events

In preparing these financial statements, the School has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through September 19, 2022, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. There were no such events requiring recording or disclosure for the year ended June 30, 2022.

## **General Fund**

## Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

			Variance
	Dudget	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES	Budget	Actual	(Ciliavol able)
1000 Revenue from local sources			
1500 Earnings on investments			
1510 Interest on investments \$	1,000 \$	6,192	\$ 5,192
1700 Pupil activities			
1730 Pupil organization membership dues and fees	5,000	1,840	(3,160)
1740 Student fees	25,000	21,430	(3,570)
1790 Other pupil activity income	204,000	339,117	135,117
1900 Other revenue from local sources			
1910 Rentals	30,000	47,670	17,670
1920 Contributions and donations from private sources	75,000	99,390	24,390
1990 Miscellaneous local revenue			
1999 Revenue from other local sources	4,960	167,489	162,529
Total local sources	344,960	683,128	338,168
3000 Revenue from state sources			
3100 Restricted state funding			
3180 Fringe benefits employer contrib (no carryover)	1,174,240	1,275,269	101,029
3186 State aid to classrooms - teacher salary increase	-	246,603	246,603
3300 State aid to classrooms - Education Finance Act (EFA)			
3311 Kindergarten	265,000	285,742	20,742
3312 Primary	640,000	651,719	11,719
3313 Elementary	1,185,000	1,197,289	12,289
3314 High school	340,000	354,781	14,781
3315 Trainable mentally handicapped	5,000	5,133	133
3316 Speech handicapped (part-time)	175,000	182,085	7,085
3317 Homebound	1,000	830	(170)
3320 Part-time programs			
3321 Emotionally handicapped	4,000	5,133	1,133
3323 Learning disabilities	245,000	267,880	22,880
3326 Orthopedically handicapped	4,000	5,133	1,133
3327 Pre-career and career technology	340,000	366,725	26,725

## **General Fund**

## Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

					Variance Favorable
	_	Budget		Actual	(Unfavorable)
3330 Miscellaneous EFA programs	Ф	24.000	Ф	20.257	Φ 4.257
3331 Autism	\$	24,000	\$	28,257	
3332 High achieving students		30,000		33,324	3,324
3334 Limited english proficiency		10,000		11,357	1,357
3350 Residential Treatment Facilities (RTF)					
3351 Academic assistance		140,000		152,583	12,583
3352 Pupils in poverty		220,354		243,277	22,923
3353 Dual credit enrollment		15,000		16,394	1,394
3392 NBC excess EFA formula	_	10,000		10,639	639
Total state sources	_	4,827,594		5,340,153	512,559
Total revenues all sources	_	5,172,554		6,023,281	850,727
EXPENDITURES					
100 Instruction					
110 General instruction					
111 Kindergarten programs					
100 Salaries		259,084		322,937	(63,853)
200 Employee benefits		105,706		131,396	(25,690)
400 Supplies and materials		2,000		1,605	395
112 Primary programs					
100 Salaries		1,244,184		1,322,514	(78,330)
200 Employee benefits		279,319		296,924	(17,605)
400 Supplies and materials		3,000		2,941	59
113 Elementary programs					
100 Salaries		1,593,372		1,530,167	63,205
200 Employee benefits		379,860		364,860	15,000
300 Purchased services		55,000		69,419	(14,419)
400 Supplies and materials		220,000		231,722	(11,722)
500 Capital outlay		-		13,940	(13,940)

## **General Fund**

## Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

					Variance Favorable
	_	Budget	_	Actual	(Unfavorable)
114 High school programs 100 Salaries	\$	255 465	<b>C</b>	279 502	¢ 76.973
200 Employee benefits	Ф	355,465 106,640	Ф	278,593 163,718	\$ 76,872 (57,078)
300 Purchased services		25,000		71,683	(46,683)
400 Supplies and materials		-		56,959	(56,959)
120 Exceptional programs 126 Speech handicapped					
100 Salaries		28,000		23,702	4,298
200 Employee benefits		9,401		14,203	(4,802)
		,,,,,,		1 1,200	(1,002)
127 Learning disabilities 100 Salaries		227 500		202 121	25 270
200 Employee benefits		327,500 103,170		302,121 92,952	25,379 10,218
400 Supplies and materials		7,000		5,107	1,893
400 Supplies and materials		7,000		3,107	1,073
140 Special programs					
145 Homebound					
100 Salaries		1,000		1,360	(360)
170 Summer school programs					
172 Elementary summer school					
400 Supplies and materials		-		2,166	(2,166)
175 Instructional programs beyond regular school day					
100 Salaries		94,000		84,346	9,654
200 Employee benefits		22,560		3,101	19,459
300 Purchased services		-		70,043	(70,043)
400 Supplies and materials		-		11,021	(11,021)
190 Instructional pupil activity					
300 Purchased services		10,000		12,889	(2,889)
400 Supplies and materials		52,000		73,941	(21,941)
660 Instructional pupil activity	_	80,000		80,965	(965)
Total instruction	_	5,363,261	_	5,637,295	(274,034)
200 Support services					
210 Pupil services					
211 Attendance and social work services					
100 Salaries		54,000		52,018	1,982
200 Employee benefits		15,000		15,280	(280)

## **General Fund**

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

		D 1 4		A 4 3	Variance Favorable	
212 C.::1	_	Budget	. —	Actual	(Unfavorabl	<u>e)</u>
212 Guidance services 100 Salaries	\$	150 605	¢	149,360	¢ 0.245	
200 Employee benefits	Ф	158,605 24,587	Ф	20,509	\$ 9,245 4,078	
400 Supplies and materials		1,250		2,815	(1,565	
400 Supplies and materials		1,230		2,613	(1,30)	,,
213 Health services						
100 Salaries		27,000		27,028	(28	3)
200 Employee benefits		13,250		14,835	(1,585	
400 Supplies and materials		5,000		9,167	(4,167	
214 Psychological services						
300 Purchased services		35,000		23,179	11,821	
215 Exceptional program services						
300 Purchased services		20,000		685	19,315	5
217 Career specialist services						
100 Salaries		-		19,985	(19,985	5)
200 Employee benefits		-		1,365	(1,365	5)
220 Instructional staff services						
221 Improvement of instruction curriculum developmen	t					
100 Salaries		170,842		208,206	(37,364	ł)
200 Employee benefits		45,750		54,077	(8,327	7)
222 Library and media services						
100 Salaries		64,000		60,708	3,292	2
200 Employee benefits		8,140		7,663	477	7
223 Supervision of special programs						
100 Salaries		28,000		26,581	1,419	)
200 Employee benefits		7,560		6,906	654	ļ
224 Improvement of instruction inserv and staff training						
100 Salaries		=		24,245	(24,245	
200 Employee benefits		-		2,798	(2,798	
300 Purchased services		36,500		47,424	(10,924	
400 Supplies and materials		-		1,469	(1,469	9)

## **General Fund**

## Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

				Variance Favorable
		Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
230 General administrative services	_			
231 Board of education				
300 Purchased services	\$	10,500 \$	375	\$ 10,125
318 Audit services		12,000	10,000	2,000
400 Supplies and materials		1,000	70	930
600 Other objects		32,000	41,279	(9,279)
233 School administration				
100 Salaries		1,254,521	885,242	369,279
200 Employee benefits		242,610	167,236	75,374
300 Purchased services		18,000	82,508	(64,508)
400 Supplies and materials		58,000	103,700	(45,700)
250 Finance and operations services				
252 Fiscal services				
300 Purchased services		274,890	297,665	(22,775)
600 Other objects		800	3,757	(2,957)
253 Facilities acquisition and construction				
520 Construction services		-	3,672,136	(3,672,136)
254 Operation and maintenance of plant				
100 Salaries		30,345	49,189	(18,844)
200 Employee benefits		13,304	8,922	4,382
300 Purchased services		391,500	373,942	17,558
321 Public utilities		18,000	24,066	(6,066)
400 Supplies and materials		40,000	47,729	(7,729)
470 Energy		121,000	160,670	(39,670)
255 Student transportation (state mandated)				
200 Employee benefits		150	220	(70)
300 Purchased services		3,000	54,879	(51,879)
400 Supplies and materials		-	3,866	(3,866)
256 Food services				
400 Supplies and materials		25,000	450	24,550
258 Security				
300 Purchased services		9,492	7,068	2,424

## **General Fund**

## Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

			Budget		Actual		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
260 Central support services		-					
263 Information services							
300 Purchased services		\$	21,000	\$	25,590	\$	(4,590)
400 Supplies and materials			10,000		10,304		(304)
266 Technology and data processing services							
100 Salaries			27,600		32,298		(4,698)
200 Employee benefits			5,432		7,532		(2,100)
300 Purchased services			15,000		5,720		9,280
400 Supplies and materials			7,000		16,771		(9,771)
270 Support services - pupil activity							
271 Pupil service activities							
100 Salaries			8,000		8,000		-
300 Purchased services			55,000		63,666		(8,666)
400 Supplies and materials		-	42,000		44,671		(2,671)
Total support services		-	3,392,628		6,918,526		(3,525,898)
500 Debt services							
610 Redemption of principal			40,509		10,252,331		(10,211,822)
620 Interest		-	1,029,429		836,555	_	192,874
Total debt services		-	1,069,938		11,088,886		(10,018,948)
Total expenditures		-	9,825,827		23,644,707	_	(13,818,880)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
5400 Proceeds from long-term notes			-		14,491,920		14,491,920
5300 Sale of fixed assets			-		2,288,605		2,288,605
Interfund transfers from (to) other funds							
5230 Transfer from Special Revenue EIA Fund		-	5,284,080		5,448,138		164,058
Total other financing sources (uses)		_	5,284,080		22,228,663	_ ,	16,944,583
EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER							
EXPENDITURES		\$	630,807	=	4,607,237	\$	3,976,430
FUND BALANCE, July 1, 2021				-	5,489,485	_	
FUND BALANCE, June 30, 2022				\$_	10,096,722	_	
	33			=		-	

	Title I (201/202	IDEA (203/204)	Preschool Preschool Iandicapped (205/206)	d 	CATE (207/208)	F	Adult Education (243)	Other Designated Restricted State Grants* (900s)	Other Special Revenue Programs* (200s/800s)	Total
REVENUES										
3000 Revenue from state sources 3100 Restricted state funding 3120 General education 3127 Student health/fitness-PE teachers	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	- 9	\$	-	\$ 9,425 \$	S -	\$ 9,425
3130 Special programs 3135 Reading coaches 3136 Student health/fitness - nurses	-	- -	- -		- -		- -	55,836 9,039	- -	55,836 9,039
3187 Teacher supplies (no carryover)		 	 -			_		16,500		 16,500
Total state sources			 -					90,800		90,800
4000 Revenue from federal sources 4300 Elementary and Secondary Educ Act of 1965 (ESEA) 4351 Supporting effective instruction	-	-	-		-		-	-	27,982	27,982
4500 Programs for children with disabilities 4510 Individ with Disabilities Educ Act (IDEA)	-	126,611	-		-		-	-	48,093	174,704
4900 Other federal sources 4977 ESSER II	-	-	-		-		-	-	558,053	558,053

<sup>\*</sup> See Schedule 3 for a listing of LEA subfund codes for each program

	_	Title I (201/202)	 IDEA (203/204)	1	Preschool Handicapped (205/206)		CATE (207/208)	_	Adult Education (243)	S	Other Designated Restricted State Grants* (900s)	Other Special Revenue Programs* (200s/800s)		Total
4900 Other federal sources 4990 Other federal revenue														
4999 Revenue from other federal sources	\$_	-	\$ -	\$		\$_		§ _		\$	\$	283,723	\$_	283,723
Total federal sources	_	_	 126,611			_		_			<u>-</u>	917,851	. <u> </u>	1,044,462
Total revenues all sources	_	_	 126,611			_		-			90,800	917,851	_	1,135,262
EXPENDITURES														
100 Instruction 110 General instruction 111 Kindergarten programs														
100 Salaries		-	-		-		-		-		-	44,315		44,315
112 Primary programs 100 Salaries		-	-		-		-		-		-	64,479		64,479
113 Elementary programs														
100 Salaries		-	-		-		-		-		-	138,207		138,207
300 Purchased services 400 Supplies and materials		-	-		-		-		-		10,725	68,400 54,738		68,400 65,463
114 High school programs														
100 Salaries 400 Supplies and materials		-	-		<del>-</del> -		-		-		9,425 4,125	30,000		39,425 4,125

<sup>\*</sup> See Schedule 3 for a listing of LEA subfund codes for each program

	Title I (201/202)	<b>-</b> .	IDEA (203/204)	]	Preschool Handicapped (205/206)		CATE (207/208)	_	Adult Education (243)		Other Designated Restricted State Grants (900s)	Other Special Revenue Programs (200s/800s)		Γotal
120 Exceptional programs 126 Speech handicapped														
100 Salaries	\$ -	\$	-	\$	- \$	S	-	\$	-	\$	- :	50,000	\$	50,000
<ul><li>127 Learning disabilities</li><li>100 Salaries</li><li>400 Supplies and materials</li></ul>	- -		81,611		- -		<u>-</u>	_	- -		- 1,650	48,093	1	129,704 1,650
Total instruction	-	_	81,611				-	_	-	_	25,925	498,232	(	505,768
200 Support services 210 Pupil services 213 Health services 100 Salaries	-		-		-		-		-		9,039	100,000	1	109,039
214 Psychological services 300 Purchased services	-		-		-		-		-		-	30,323		30,323
215 Exceptional program services 300 Purchased services	-		-		-		-		-		-	86,314		86,314
<ul><li>220 Instructional staff services</li><li>221 Improvement of instr curriculum develop</li><li>100 Salaries</li></ul>	-		-		-		-		-		55,836	-		55,836
223 Supervision of special programs 100 Salaries	-		45,000	26	-		-		-		-	-		45,000

		tle I /202)	 IDEA (203/204)	H	Preschool Iandicapped (205/206)		CATE (207/208)		Adult Education (243)		Other Designated Restricted State Grants (900s)	R Pi	Other Special evenue ograms 00s/800s)	Total
224 Improvement of instruction inserv and staff training 100 Salaries	5	-	\$ -	\$	- \$	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	640	\$ 640
<ul><li>250 Finance and operations services</li><li>254 Operation and maintenance of plant</li><li>300 Purchased services</li></ul>		-	-		-		-		-		-		175,000	175,000
260 Central support services 264 Staff services 100 Salaries		-	 -		<u>-</u> _	_	-	. <u>-</u>		_			27,342	 27,342
Total support services		-	 45,000				_	. <u>-</u>		_	64,875		419,619	 529,494
Total expenditures		-	 126,611		-	_	-	_	-	_	90,800		917,851	 1,135,262
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)														
Interfund transfers from (to) other funds: 5210 Transfer from General Fund (excludes IC)		-	 -			_	-			_				 <u>-</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	 -			_	-		_	_			-	_
EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		0-	 -0-		-0-	_	-0-	. <u>-</u>	-0-	_	-0-		-0-	 -0-
FUND BALANCE, July 1, 2021		0-	 -0-		-0-	_	-0-		-0-	_	-0-		-0-	 -0-
FUND BALANCE, June 30, 2022	\$ <u> </u>	0-	\$ -0-	\$	-0-	\$_	-0-	\$	-0-	\$_	-0-	\$	-0-	\$ -0-

#### Special Revenue Fund - Schedule of Program Classifications For Year Ended June 30, 2022

LEA Subfund Code	Program		Revenue	Revenue Code
OTHER RES	STRICTED STATE GRANTS			
937	Student health/fitness-PE teachers	\$	9,425	3127
935	Reading coaches		55,836	3135
936	Student health/fitness - nurses		9,039	3136
217	Teacher supplies (no carryover)	_	16,500	3187
		\$	90,800	
OTHER SPE	CIAL REVENUE PROGRAMS			
267	Supporting effective instruction	\$	27,982	4351
212	IDEA - Extended school year		9,265	4510
230	IDEA - ARP		38,828	4510
225	ESSER II		558,053	4977
809	GEER Fund	_	283,723	4999
		\$	917,851	

#### Special Revenue Fund Summary Schedule for Designated State Restricted Grants For Year Ended June 30, 2022

						Special	l R	Revenue	Special
						Interfund	(	Other Fund	Revenue
I	Revenue	•				Transfers	3	Transfers	Fund
Subfund	Code	Programs	Revenues	Expenditu	res	In/(Out)		In/(Out)	Unearned
267	3127	Student health/fitness-PE teachers \$	9,425	\$ 9,42	5 \$	· -	\$	- 5	-
212	3135	Reading coaches	55,836	55,83	6	-		-	-
225	3136	Student health/fitness - nurses	9,039	9,03	9	-		-	-
809	3187	Teacher supplies (no carryover)	16,500	16,50	0		_		
		\$	90,800	\$ 90,80	0 \$	5 -0-	\$	-0- 5	5 -0-

#### **Education Improvement Act**

### Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - All Programs For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### **REVENUES**

3000 Revenue from state sources		
3500 Education improvement act		
3502 ADEPT	\$	1,000
3519 Grade 10 assessments		21
3526 Refurbishment of science kits		6,521
3533 Teacher of the year awards (no carryover prov)		1,077
3536 Student health & fitness		15,418
3538 Students at risk of school failure		82,578
3550 Teacher salary increase (no carryover)		193,211
3555 Teacher salary fringe		46,412
3557 Summer reading program		10,774
3577 Teacher supplies (no carryover provision)		5,775
3583 Charter school payments		5,448,138
3595 EEDA - supplies and materials		2,115
3597 Aid to districts		43,915
3599 Other EIA		73,146
	_	
Total state sources	_	5,930,101
	_	_
Total revenues all sources	_	5,930,101
EXPENDITURES		
100 Instruction		
110 General instruction		
113 Elementary programs		
100 Salaries		60,147
200 Employee benefits		46,412
400 Supplies and materials		338
114 High school programs		
100 Salaries		275,789
400 Supplies and materials		6,521
.vv = upp nee una maioriaio	_	0,521
Total instruction	_	389,207

#### **Education Improvement Act**

## Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - All Programs For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

200 Support services		
210 Pupil services		
212 Guidance services	Ф	0.115
400 Supplies and materials	\$	2,115
213 Health services		
100 Salaries		15,418
220 Instructional staff services		
224 Improvement of instruction inserv and staff training		
300 Purchased services		1,000
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		-,
250 Finance and operations services		
254 Operation and maintenance of plant		
300 Purchased services		73,146
200 0 1 1		
260 Central support services		
263 Information services		
500 Capital outlay	,	1,077
Total support services		92,756
Total expenditures	•	481,963
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
Interfered there of one from (to) other finds		
Interfund transfers, from (to) other funds		(5 449 129)
420-710 Transfer to General Fund (excludes indirect costs)	i	(5,448,138)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(5,448,138)
		_
EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	•	-0-
FUND BALANCE, July 1, 2021	•	-0-
FUND BALANCE, June 30, 2022	\$	-0-

Education Improvement Act Summary Schedule by Program For Year Ended June 30, 2022

		E	IA Interfund	Other Fund	
PROGRAM	Revenues	Expenditures	Transfers In(Out)	Transfers In(Out)	EIA Fund Unearned
3500 Education Improvement Act					
3502 ADEPT \$	1,000	\$ 1,000 \$	- \$	-	\$ -
3519 Grade 10 assessments	21	21	-	-	-
3526 Refurbishment of science kits	6,521	6,521	-	-	149
3533 Teacher of the year awards (no carryover prov)	1,077	1,077	-	-	-
3536 Student health & fitness	15,418	15,418	-	-	-
3538 Students at risk of school failure	82,578	82,578	-	-	-
3550 Teacher salary increase (no carryover)	193,211	193,211	-	-	-
3555 Teacher salary fringe	46,412	46,412	-	-	-
3557 Summer reading program	10,774	10,774	-	-	-
3577 Teacher supplies (no carryover provision)	5,775	5,775	-	-	-
3583 Charter school payments	5,448,138	-	-	(5,448,138)	-
3595 EEDA - supplies and materials	2,115	2,115	-	-	-
3597 Aid to districts	43,915	43,915	-	-	-
3599 Other EIA	73,146	73,146			
TOTALS \$	5,930,101	\$ 481,963 \$	-0- \$	(5,448,138)	\$ 149

# BRIDGES PREPARATORY SCHOOL BEAUFORT, SOUTH CAROLINA Schedule of Due to State Department of Education/Federal Government June 30, 2022

Program	Grant/ Project Number	Revenue & Subfund Codes	Description	_	Amount Due to CDOE/Federal Government	Status of Payments
Grade 10 Assessments	EIA	3519/319	Unexpended allocation	\$	102.80	Unpaid as of September 19, 2022

#### BRIDGES PREPARATORY SCHOOL BEAUFORT, SOUTH CAROLINA Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified
<ul> <li>Internal control over financial reporting:</li> <li>Material weakness(es) identified?</li> <li>Significant weakness(es) identified</li> </ul>	YesXNo
that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?	YesXNo
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	YesXNo
Federal Awards Internal control over major programs:  • Material weakness(es) identified?  • Significant weakness(es) identified	Yes <u>X</u> No
that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?	YesXNo
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	
Identification of major programs:	
AL Numbers 10.766	Name of Federal Program or Cluster Community Facilities Loans and Grants  Community Facilities
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$1,062,021
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X Yes No

#### BRIDGES PREPARATORY SCHOOL BEAUFORT, SOUTH CAROLINA Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### **Section II - Financial Statement Findings**

None.

#### Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

#### 2022-001 <u>Deadline Exceeded</u>

**Condition**: The School did not meet the deadline for submission of its data collection form and

reporting package to the Federal Audit Clearinghouse for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The data collection form and reporting package must be submitted within the earlier of 30 calendar days after receipt of the auditors' report or nine months after the end of the audit period. Therefore, the deadline for submission of the required information for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 was December 5, 2021. The data

collection form and reporting package were not submitted by that date.

**Criteria**: 2 CFR 200.512

Cause: The School engaged its independent audit firm to assist in the preparation and submission

of its data collection report and reporting package. That firm did upload the data collection form and reporting package to the Federal Audit Clearinghouse on December 2, 2021. However, the School did not certify the data collection form and reporting package, the audit firm did not certify, and did not submit the certified information by the

December 5, 2021 deadline.

Effect: The School did not meet the deadline of 30 calendar days after receipt of the auditors'

report.

Recommendation: Establish procedures to verify that the data collection form and reporting package have

been properly submitted on a timely basis.

**Response:** The School has implemented procedures to monitor communications with its audit firm

and the Federal Audit Clearinghouse to ensure timely submission of complete and

accurate reports to federal entities.

#### BRIDGES PREPARATORY SCHOOL BEAUFORT, SOUTH CAROLINA Schedule of Prior Year Findings For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Section I - Financial Statement Findings	
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None.

#### Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

LEA Subfund Code	Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor Program Title	Assistance Listing Number	Grantor's	Total Expenditures
	U.S. Department of Education			
203 212	Passed through the South Carolina Public Charter School District: Individ with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) IDEA - Extended school year Total special education cluster	84.027 84.027	:	\$ 126,611 9,265 135,876
225 230 809 267	ESSER II ARP - IDEA children with disabilities GEER Fund Supporting effective instruction	84.425D 84.425U 84.425C 84.367A		558,053 38,828 283,723 27,982
	Total U.S. Department of Education			1,044,462
	U.S. Department of Agriculture			
	Direct Program: Community Facilities Loans and Grants	10.766	N/A	2,991,919 *
	Community Facilities Loans and Grants Amount of borrowings used to pay off loan included on prior year Schedule of Federal Expenditures	10.766	2021-01	6,700,000 (6,700,000) -0-
	Community Facilities Loans and Grants  Amount of borrowings used to pay off loan included on prior year  Schedule of Federal Expenditures	10.766	2021-02 B	4,800,000 (486,953) 4,313,047 7,304,966 eginning of Year Outstanding
				Loan Balances
	Community Facilities Loans and Grants Community Facilities Loans and Grants Community Facilities Loans and Grants	10.766 10.766 10.766	2019-01 2019-02 N/A	9,999,990 9,858,467 7,186,953 * 27,045,410
	Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			34,350,376
	Total Federal Assistance Expended		5	35,394,838

<sup>\*</sup> Represents interim financing utilized during construction period before closing on USDA loans.

None of the above amounts were passed through to subrecipients. See accompanying notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

#### Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards ("the SEFA") includes the federal grant activity of Bridges Preparatory School under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in the SEFA is presented in accordance with the requirements of *Title 2* <u>U.S. Code of Federal Regulations</u> ("CFR") *Part 200*, <u>Uniform Administrative Requirements</u>, <u>Cost Principles</u>, <u>and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards</u> ("Uniform Guidance"). Because the SEFA presents only a selected portion of the operations of Bridges Preparatory School, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, change in net assets, or cash flows of Bridges Preparatory School.

#### Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the SEFA are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

#### **Note 3 - Outstanding Loans**

Federal loan outstanding at June 30, 2022:

Community Facilities Loans and Grants (CFDA 10.766):

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance
Ameris Bank (Interim financing)	\$ 7,186,953	\$ 2,991,919	\$(10,178,872)	-
USDA Loan 2019-01	9,999,990	-	-	9,999,990
USDA Loan 2019-02	9,858,467	-	-	9,858,467
USDA Loan 2021-01	-	6,700,000	-	6,700,000
USDA Loan 2021-02	-	4,800,000	-	4,800,000
Totals	\$27,045,410	\$14,491,919	\$(10,178,872)	\$ 31,358,457

Note: According to the Compliance Supplement issued by the Office of Management and Budget, interim financing from a commercial source used to fund construction costs that will be repaid by a Community Facilities Loan are considered to be Federal Awards expended. Such awards must be reported on the SEFA.

#### **Note 4 - Reconciliation of SEFA to the Financial Statements**

Amounts reported in the accompanying schedule agree with the amounts reported in the related federal financial reports except for timing differences relating to revenues and expenditures received or made subsequent to the filing of federal financial reports.

#### **Note 5 - Indirect Cost Rate**

The School has elected not to use the 10% de minimus cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors Bridges Preparatory School Beaufort, South Carolina

We have audited the financial statements of Bridges Preparatory School ("the School") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated September 19, 2022. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal controls, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> in considering the School's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Martin Smith and Company CPAS PA

Greenville, South Carolina September 19, 2022

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of Directors Bridges Preparatory School Beaufort, South Carolina

We have audited the compliance of Bridges Preparatory School ("the School") with the types of compliance requirements described in the <u>United States Office of Management and Budget Compliance Supplement</u> ("OMB") that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2022. The School's major federal programs are identified in the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

#### **Management's Responsibility**

Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program is the responsibility of the School's management.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the School's compliance based on our audit. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of <u>Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200</u>, <u>Uniform Administrative Requirements</u>, <u>Cost Principles</u>, <u>and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards</u> ("Uniform Guidance"). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the School's compliance with those requirements.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, Bridges Preparatory School complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The results of our auditing procedures disclosed no instances of noncompliance with those requirements, which are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance.

#### **Internal Control Over Compliance**

The management of the School is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the School's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on the internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in an entity's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, by the School's internal controls on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance that we consider material weaknesses.

Board Directors Bridges Preparatory School Page 2

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did have a finding requiring disclosure as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 2022-001. The auditor's opinion on major programs is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### School's Response to Finding

The School's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The School's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Martin Smith and Company CPAs PA

Greenville, South Carolina September 19, 2022